BOROUGH OF CATASAUQUA LEHIGH COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2020

BOROUGH OF CATASAUQUA

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Borough Council Borough of Catasauqua Catasauqua, Pennsylvania

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying cash basis financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and aggregate remaining fund information of the Borough of Catasauqua, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Borough's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with the cash basis of accounting described in Note 1; this includes determining that the cash basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for the preparation of the financial statements in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

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Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective cash basis financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Borough of Catasauqua, as of December 31, 2020, and the respective changes in cash basis financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with the cash basis of accounting described in Note 1.

Basis of Accounting

We draw attention to Note 1 of the financial statements, which describes the basis of accounting. The financial statements are prepared on the cash basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinions are not with respect to this matter.

Emphasis of Matters

As discussed in Note 12 to the financial statements, the United States is currently operating under a state of National Emergency due to the Coronavirus Pandemic. Our opinion is not with respect to this matter.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements as a whole that collectively comprise the Borough of Catasauqua's basic financial statements. The budgetary comparison information and pension information on pages 36 and 37 - 38, which are the responsibility of management, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Kirk, Summa + Co. LLP

January 4, 2022 East Stroudsburg, Pennsylvania

BOROUGH OF CATASAUQUA LEHIGH COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - CASH BASIS DECEMBER 31, 2020

ASSETS		ernmental ctivities	siness-type activities	Totals
Cash and cash equivalents		\$ 157,074	\$ 93,450	\$ 250,524
Interfund balances		4,746	147,446	152,192
Capital assets, net of depreciation	า	-	5,191,199	5,191,199
	TOTAL ASSETS	161,820	5,432,095	5,593,915
LIABILITIES				
Interfund balances		63,975	88,217	152,192
Other liabilities		76,988	_	76,988
Current portion of long-term debt		-	266,205	266,205
Long-term debt		-	3,921,741	3,921,741
	TOTAL LIABILITIES	140,963	4,276,163	4,417,126
NET POSITION				
Net investment in capital assets		-	1,003,253	1,003,253
Restricted for:				
Liquid fuels		195,268	3, 1, 1	195,268
Escrows		76,988	n 2 - 2	76,988
Unrestricted		(251,399)	152,679	(98,720)
	TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 20,857	\$ 1,155,932	\$ 1,176,789

				Program Revenues	Revenu	es		Ne	t (Expens	Net (Expenses) Revenues	es	
			Fee	Fees, Fines and	0	Operating		and	Changes	and Changes in Net Position	tion	
			ਹ	Charges for	Ş	Grants and	Go	Governmental	Busin	Business-type		
Program Activities		Expenses		Services	Col	Contributions	٩	Activities	Act	Activities		Totals
Governmental activities:												
General government administration	↔	752,784	↔	,	↔	201,649	↔	(551, 135)	69	1	69	(551, 135)
Public safety and protective inspection		1,367,657		841,013		30,694		(495,950)		1		(495,950)
Public works		1,345,713		4,355		421,418		(919,940)		1		(919,940)
Culture and recreation		243,160				•		(243,160)		1		(243,160)
Community development		571,725				•		(571,725)				(571,725)
Insurance		101,431				•		(101,431)		1		(101,431)
Employee benefits		673,858				•		(673,858)		•		(673,858)
Interest and debt related		770,896		•				(770,896)		1		(770,896)
Miscellaneous and other		80		•		•		(80)		1		(80)
Depreciation - unallocated		1								'		
Total governmental activities		5,827,304		845,368		653,761		(4,328,175)				(4,328,175)
Business-type activities:												
Sewer		1,452,062		1,624,005		1		1		171,943		171,943
Wastewater collection		262,253		183,035		,		i		(79,218)		(79,218)
Water		906,459		682,196				1		(224,263)		(224,263)
Total business-type activities		2,620,774		2,489,236				t		(131,538)		(131,538)
Total primary government	↔	8,448,078	€	3,334,604	8	653,761	€	(4,328,175)	↔	(131,538)	€9	(4,459,713)

See accompanying notes to basic financial statements.

BOROUGH OF CATASAUQUA LEHIGH COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - CASH BASIS - CONTINUED FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	Ne	Net (Expenses) Revenues	nes	
	and	and Changes in Net Position	ition	
	Governmental	Business-type	ŀ	
	Activities	ACTIVITIES	0	lotais
General revenues:				
Property taxes, levied for general purposes	2,193,867		N	2,193,867
Other taxes levied for general purposes	907,583			907,583
Licenses and permits	157,426	•		157,426
Fines and forfeits	23,236			23,236
Investment earnings	3,360	1,171		4,531
Miscellaneous income	274,593			274,593
Gain (loss) n disposal of assets	16,356			16,356
Transfers between funds	20,000	(20,000)		(
Total general revenues and transfers	3,596,421	(18,829)	(,)	3,577,592
Change in Net Position	(731,754)	(150,367)		(882,121)
Net position at beginning of year	752,611	1,306,299	N	2,058,910
Net Position at End of Year \$	20,857	\$ 1,155,932	8	1,176,789

See accompanying notes to basic financial statements.

BOROUGH OF CATASAUQUA LEHIGH COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA BALANCE SHEETS - CASH BASIS GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2020

		major i unus		0			Mon-major i amas	0		
				Liquid			Con	Community		Total
	O	General Fund		Fuels	Debt Service Fund	e	Deve	Development Fund	Gov	Governmental Funds
ASSETS	6		6	200	•				,	
Interfund receivables:	Ð		A	193,268	A		Ð	2,513	-	197,781
Business-type-funds		4,746				1		•		4.746
TOTAL ASSETS	8	4,746	€	195,268	€		\$	2,513	69	202,527
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES										
ES	•	0	•							
Overdran Interfund payables:	Ð	40,707	Ð		₽	ı	₩		₩	40,707
Business-type-funds		59,229		•		ı		4,746		63,975
Escrow payable		76,988				1				76,988
TOTAL LIABILITIES_		176,924				'		4,746		181,670
FUND BALANCES		6								
Kestricted		76,988		195,268		r		•		272,256
Unassigned-as restated		(249,166)				1		(2,233)		(251,399)
TOTAL FUND BALANCES_		(172,178)		195,268		1		(2,233)		20,857
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES 🂲	↔	4,746	69	195,268	€	•	↔	2,513	↔	202,527

See accompanying notes to basic financial statements.

		Major	Fun	ds	Nonmaj	or Funds		
		General Fund		Liquid Fuels Fund	Community Development Fund	Debt Service Fund	Go	Total overnmental Funds
Revenues:								
Taxes	\$	3,101,449	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$	3,101,449
Licenses and permits		157,426				-		157,426
Fines		23,236		-		-		23,236
Interest and rents		2,816		541	7			3,364
Intergovernmental		637,280		185,289		-		822,569
Charges for services		844,868		-	_	-		844,868
Miscellaneous		106,280		-	_	-		106,280
Total Revenues		4,873,355		185,830	7	-		5,059,192
Expenditures:								
General government		752,784		_				752,784
Public safety and protective inspection		1,367,657						1,367,657
Sanitation		731,720						731,720
Highways and streets		616,093		110,626				726,719
Storm water & flood control		330		110,020				330
Culture and recreation		243,160						243,160
Economic development		571,725				_		571,725
Debt service - principal		0			_	464,285		464,285
Debt service - interest		0				306,611		306,611
Insurance		101,431				500,011		101,431
Employee benefits		659,509			_			659,509
Pension		000,000			_	_		039,309
Unemployment		14,347			. i	0		14,347
Total Expenditures	_	5,058,756	_	110,626		770,896		5,940,278
Excess (defciency) in Revenues over expenses		(185,401)		75,204	7	(770,896)		(881,086)
Other Financing Sources (Uses);								
Proceeds from sale of Authority rights		16,356		_	-	_		16,356
Operation transfers in (out)		(637,920)		-		770,896		132,976
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses);		(621,564)	1	_	-	770,896		149,332
Net changes in fund balances		(806,965)		75,204	7	-		(731,754)
Fund balances at beginning of year		634,787	_	120,064	(2,240)	_		752,611
Fund balances at end of year	\$	(172,178)	\$	195,268	\$ (2,233)	\$ -	\$	20,857
							_	

BOROUGH OF CATASAUQUA LEHIGH COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - CASH BASIS PROPRIETARY FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2020

		Sewer Fund	 stewater ollection Fund		Water Fund	Р	Total roprietary Funds
ASSETS							
Current Assets:							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	18,168	\$ 63,315	\$	11,968	\$	93,451
Due from other funds		101,195	25,658		20,593		147,446
Total Current Assets		119,363	88,973		32,561		240,897
Capital Assets:							
Sewer system, net of accumulated depreciation		4,820,848	99,940		-		4,920,788
Water system, net of accumulated depreciation		-	-		270,411		270,411
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	4,940,211	\$ 188,913	\$	302,972	\$	5,432,096
LIABILITIES							
Current Liabilities							
Due to other funds	\$	-	\$ 1,475	\$	86,742	\$	88,217
Current portion of long-term debt		235,000			25,313		260,313
Total Current Liabilities		235,000	 1,475		112,055		348,530
Noncurrent Liabilities							
Water revenue notes payable, net of current portion			-		32,633		32,633
Bonds payable, net of current portion		3,895,000	-		-		3,895,000
Total Noncurrent Liabilities		3,895,000			32,633		3,927,633
TOTAL LIABILITIES	_	4,130,000	1,475	_	144,688	_	4,276,163
NET POSITION							
Net investment in capital assets		690,848	99,940		212,465		1,003,253
Unrestricted		119,363	87,498		(54,181)		152,680
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	810,211	\$ 187,438	\$	158,284	\$	1,155,933

BOROUGH OF CATASAUQUA LEHIGH COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION -CASH BASIS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	Sewer Fund		astewater ollection Fund		Water Fund	P	Total roprietary Funds
Operating Revenues:							
Licenses & permits	\$ 7,000	\$	_	\$	-	\$	7,000
Charges for services	1,581,060		187,916		665,725		2,434,701
Miscellaneous	 35,884						35,884
Total Operating Revenues	1,623,944	_	187,916		665,725		2,477,585
Operating Expenses:							
Personnel services	568,357		199,968		416,457		1,184,782
Maintenance, opertations, and contract services	347,567		47,103		282,002		676,672
Supplies	51,383		6,135		14,889		72,407
Materials	-		1,013		84,093		85,106
Utilities	76,267		-		58,575		134,842
Depreciation	309,807		8,034		31,847		349,688
Total Operating Expenses	1,353,381		262,253	201	887,863		2,503,497
NET OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	270,563		(74,337)		(222,138)		(25,912)
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)							
Interest income	374		427		552		1,353
Interest expense	(98,680)		-		(7,126)		(105,806)
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	(98,306)		427		(6,574)		(104,453)
Net Income(loss) Before Operating Transfers							
Operating transfers			(5,000)		(15,000)	_	(20,000)
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	172,257		(78,910)		(243,712)		(150,365)
NET POSITION - BEGINNING OF YEAR	637,954		266,348		401,996		1,306,298
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$ 810,211	\$	187,438	\$	158,284	\$	1,155,933

BOROUGH OF CATASAUQUA LEHIGH COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - CASH BASIS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

		Sewer Fund		astewater collection Fund		Water Fund	P	Total Proprietary Funds
Cash flows from operating activities:								
Receipts from customers	\$	1,623,944	\$	187,916	\$	698,125	\$	2,509,985
Payments to employees	•	(568,357)	*	(199,968)		(416,457)		(1,184,782)
Payments to suppliers		(475,217)		(54,251)		(439,559)		(969,027)
Net Cash provided by operating activities		580,370		(66,303)		(157,891)		356,176
Cash flows from non-capital financing activities:								
Operating transfers				(5,000)		(15,000)		(20,000)
Net cash (used) by non-capital financing activities		-	_	(5,000)	1/	(15,000)	_	(20,000)
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:								
Interest paid on capital debt		(98,680)		-		(7,126)		(105,806)
Principal paid on capital debt		(235,000)		-		(25,313)		(260,313)
Net cash (used) by capital and related financing activities		(333,680)				(32,439)		(366,119)
Cash flows from investing activities:								
Purchases of capital assets		(236,985)				(20,521)		(257,506)
Interfund borrowings, net		(85,000)		(10,000)		85,000		(10,000)
Interest earned on cash and investments		374		427		552		1,353
Net cash (used) by investing activities		(321,611)	_	(9,573)	100	65,031	_	(266,153)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		(74,921)		(80,876)		(140,299)		(296,096)
Cash at beginning of year	_	93,089		144,191	_	152,267	_	389,547
Cash at end of year	\$	18,168	\$	63,315	\$	11,968	\$	93,451
Reconciliation of Opeating Profit (Loss) to net								
cash provided by (used for) Operating Activities								
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	270,563	\$	(74,337)	\$	(222, 138)	\$	(25,912)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash used						a		
for operating activities:								
Depreciation expense		309,807		8,034		31,847		349,688
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED FOR) OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$	580,370	\$	(66,303)	\$	(190,291)	\$	323,776

BOROUGH OF CATASAUQUA LEHIGH COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - CASH BASIS FIDUCIARY FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2020

400570	Police Pension Plan	Nonuniform Pension Plan	Total Pension Trust Funds
ASSETS Investments	\$ 3,321,464	\$ 3,232,814	\$ 6,554,278
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 3,321,464	\$ 3,232,814	\$ 6,554,278
LIABILITIES Accrued pension payments	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
NET POSITION Net position held in trust for pension benefits TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION	3,321,464 \$ 3,321,464	\$ 3,232,814 \$ 3,232,814	6,554,278 \$ 6,554,278

BOROUGH OF CATASAUQUA LEHIGH COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION - CASH BASIS FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

ADDITIONS:	Police Pension Plan	Nonuniform Pension Plan	Total Pension Trust Funds
Contributions:			
Employer	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Employee	56,923		56,923
Commonealth	96,754	90,352	, "
Interest and dividends	46,625	44,742	91,367
Investment gain	256,687	252,234	508,921
TOTAL ADDITIONS	456,989	387,328	657,211
Deductions:			
Benefit payments, including tax withheld	299,264	114,330	413,594
Administrative expenses	19,527	18,897	38,424
TOTAL DEDUCTIONS	318,791	133,227	452,018
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	138,198	254,101	205,193
Held in Trust for Pension Benefits: Beginning of year	3,183,266	2,978,713	6,161,979
End of year	\$ 3,321,464	\$ 3,232,814	\$ 6,554,278

BOROUGH OF CATASAUQUA LEHIGH COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2020

The Borough of Catasauqua (the Municipality) was organized in 1853 and operates as a borough in Lehigh County, Pennsylvania. The Borough Council, a seven-member group, and a Mayor, is the level of government responsible for providing a full range of municipal services including those mandated by statute or ordinance. These include public safety, highways and streets, culture and recreation, public improvements, planning and zoning, and general administrative services. The borough receives funding from local and state government sources and must comply with the concomitant requirements of these funding source entities.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

As described further in Note 1, these financial statements are presented on a cash basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). These cash basis financial statements generally meet the presentation and disclosure requirements applicable to GAAP, in substance, but are limited to the elements presented in the financial statements and the constraints of the measurement and recognition criteria of the cash basis of accounting.

A. Financial Reporting Entity

In evaluating the Borough as a primary government, management has addressed all potential component units. Consistent with applicable guidance, the criteria used by the Borough to evaluate the possible inclusion of related entities within its reporting entity are financial accountability and the nature and significance of the relationship. No component units meet the criteria for inclusion.

B. Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position (cash basis) and the statement of activities (cash basis)) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government. For the most part, the effect of inter-fund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for services.

The statement of activities (cash basis) demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from services or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not included among program revenues are reported as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual government funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the government's funds, including its fiduciary funds. Separate financial statements are provided for the governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as one column (non-major funds) on the fund financial statements.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

C. Fund Financial Statements- continued

The Borough Reports the following Major Governmental Funds:

- General Fund is the general operating fund of the Borough. This fund is established to account for resources devoted to financing the general services that the Borough performs for its citizens. General tax receipts and other sources of receipts used to finance the fundamental operations of the Borough are included in this fund. The fund is charged with all costs of operating the government for which a separate fund has not been established.
- <u>Special Revenue Funds</u> These funds are established to account for the cash receipts of specific resources other than expendable trusts or major capital projects that are legally restricted to disbursements for specified purposes.

The Borough's major special revenue fund is:

<u>Liquid Fuels Highway Aid Fund</u> – This fund is used to account for the proceeds from the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and is restricted in uses for the maintenance, repair, and construction of roads, streets, and bridges for which the Borough is responsible.

The Borough Reports the following Nonmajor Governmental Funds:

- Community Development Fund This fund is used to account for the proceeds from the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and is restricted in uses for the maintenance, repair, and construction of roads, streets, and bridges for which the Borough is responsible.
- <u>Debt Service Fund</u> This fund accounts for the accumulation of resources for, and payment of, interest and principal on long-term obligations.

The Borough Reports the following Major Enterprise Funds:

- <u>Enterprise Funds</u> These funds are used to account for business-like activities provided to the general public. Activities are financed primarily by user charges, and the measurement of financial activity focuses on net income measurement similar to the private sector. The Borough's major enterprise funds are the following:
- <u>Sewer Fund</u> is used to account for the operation of the sewer collection system which is operated as a public utility and not included as a regular function in the general fund.
- <u>Water Fund</u> is used to account for the operation of the water collection system which is operated as a public utility and not included as a regular function in the general fund.
- Waste Water Collection Fund is used to account for the operation of the water collection system which is operated as a public utility and not included as a regular function in the general fund.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Additionally, the Borough Reports the Following Fund Types:

<u>Fiduciary Funds</u> — The Borough's fiduciary funds are trust funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the Borough under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and, therefore are not available to support the Borough's own programs. The Borough's pension trust funds include:

During the course of operations, the government activity between funds for various purposes. Any residual balances outstanding at the year-end are reported as interfund receivables and payables. While these balances are reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Balances between the funds included in the governmental activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the governmental activities column. Similarly, balances between the funds included in business-type activities (i.e., the enterprise funds) are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the business-type activities column.

Further, certain activity occurs during the year involving transfers of resources between funds. In fund financial statements, these amounts are reported as gross amounts as transfers in/out. While reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Transfers between the funds included in governmental activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as transfers in the governmental activities column. Similarly, balances between the funds included in business-type activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as transfers in the business-type activities column.

D. Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation

The accounting and financial treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus is a term used to describe what transactions or events are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to when and how transactions or events are recorded, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

1. Measurement Focus

In the government-wide statement of net position and statement of activities, both governmental and business-like activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus, within the limitations of the cash basis of accounting.

In the fund financial statements, the current financial resources measurement focus or the economic resources measurement focus, as applied to the cash basis of accounting, is used as appropriate:

All governmental funds utilize a current financial resources measurement focus within the limitations
of the cash basis of accounting. Only current financial assets and liabilities are generally included on
their balance sheets. Their operating statements present sources and uses of available spendable
financial resources during a given period. These funds use fund balance as their measure of available
spendable financial resources at the end of the period.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

D. Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation - continued

- The proprietary funds utilize an economic resources measurement focus within the limitations of the cash basis of accounting. The accounting objectives of this measurement focus are the determination of operating income, changes in net position (or cost recovery), net financial position, and cash flows. All assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources (whether current or noncurrent or financial or nonfinancial) associated with their activities are generally reported within the limitations of the cash basis of accounting.
- The fiduciary funds utilize an economic resources measurement focus within the limitations of the
 cash basis of accounting. All assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent or financial or
 nonfinancial) associated with their activities are generally reported within the limitations of the cash
 basis of accounting.

2. Basis of Accounting

The financial statements are presented in accordance with a cash basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than GAAP as established by GASB. The basis of accounting involves modifications to the cash basis of accounting to report in the statements of net position or balance sheet transactions or events that provide a benefit or result in an obligation that covers a period greater than the period in which the cash transactions or event occurred. Such reported balance include investments, interfund receivables and payables, payroll taxes withheld, developer escrows, capital assets for governmental and enterprise funds, and all long-term debt obligations arising from cash transactions or events for both enterprise and governmental funds.

The cash basis of accounting differs from GAAP primarily because certain assets and their related revenues (such as accounts receivable and revenue for billed or provided services not year collected and other accrued revenue and receivables) and certain liabilities and their related expenses or expenditures (such as accounts payable and expenses for goods or services received but not yet not yet paid and other accrued expenses and liabilities) are not recorded in these financial statements. In addition, other economic assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources that do not arise from cash transactions or events are not reported, and the measurement of reported assets and liabilities does not involve adjustment to fair value, except investments which are reported at fair value.

If the Borough utilized accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the fund financial statements for governmental funds would use the accrual basis of accounting, and the fund financial statements of proprietary and fiduciary fund types would use the accrual basis of accounting. All government-wide financial statements would be presented in accordance with the accrual basis of accounting.